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| National University of singapore  nus_logo.gif |
| CKY Restaurant  Online Booking System |
| CS2102 Database Systems – Project Report |
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| **YEAR**  **14/15 Semester 1** |

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GROUP 62  
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**Introduction**

In this project, our group had built up an online booking system for CKY Restaurant to facilitate it with providing online reservation services. This platform provides a range of services such as sign up, log in/out, make/edit/delete reservation, statistical report for administrators and etc. More details of the system will be provided in the following sections.

**Implementation of the Online Booking System**

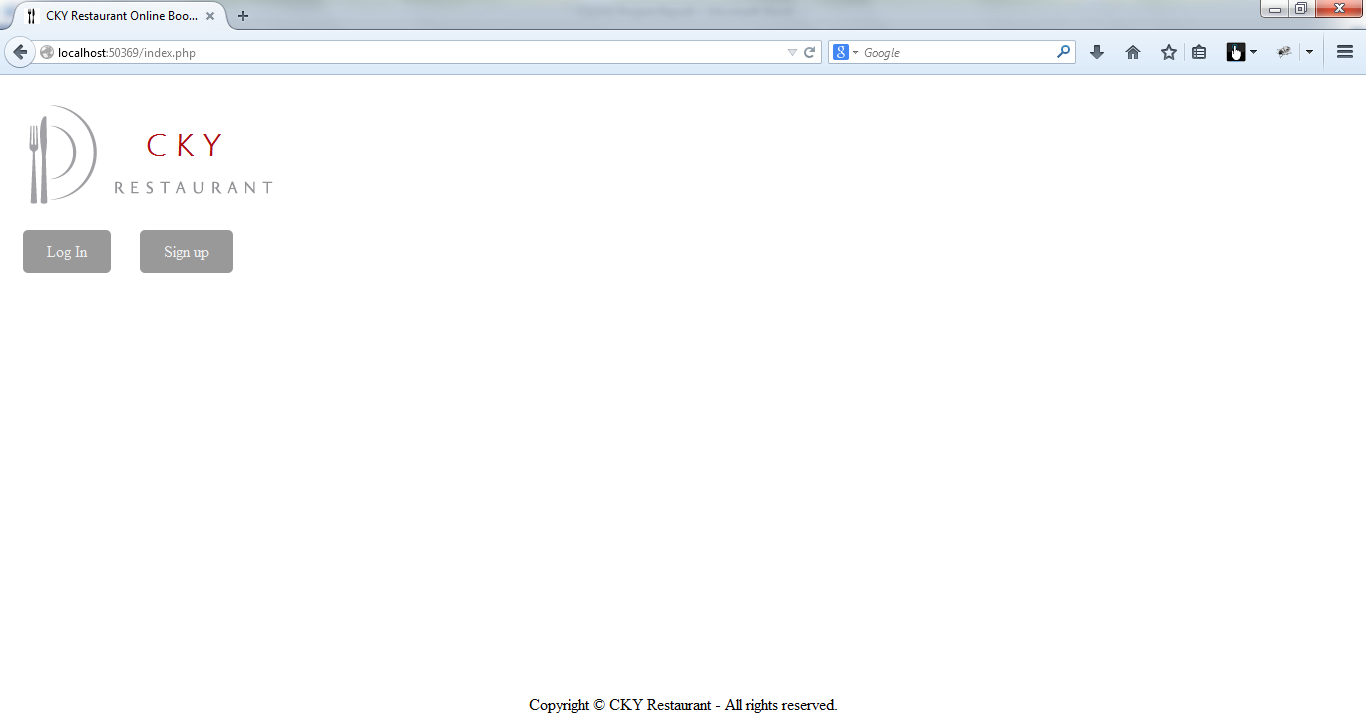
Our group had used **HTML** together with **Javascript/JQuery** and **CSS** in building up the user interface of this system. We used **Microsoft Web Matrix** in developing this system in which the server is built up together with the installation of Web Matrix. The server side language that we used is **PHP** which is the same language as the one used by Facebook. We had decided to use **MySQL** as our database management system due to its easy accessibility and also because it is a freeware.

<INTRODUCE OUR SQL TABLE SCHEME HERE>

**Chapter 1 Sign up function and Log in function**

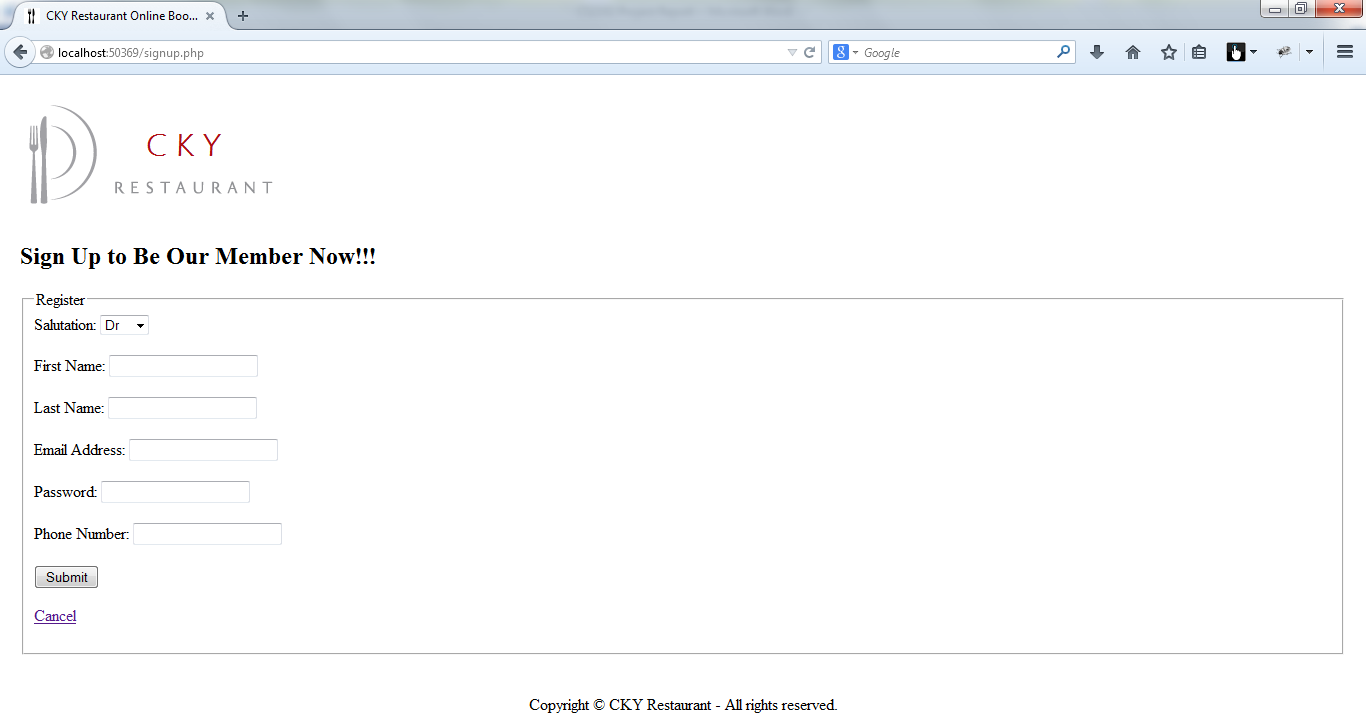
**1.1 Sign up**

Figure 1.1.1 Interface of Our Home Page (index.php)



As shown in our home page, for customers, we have two options for them. They can either sign up or log in (using their previously registered account).

Figure 1.1.2 Sign up page for first time user (signup.php)



**First layer restriction:**

All fields are to be filled up. These restrictions are enforced by Javascript:

1. Email Address is checked to ensure it is in correct form by using REGEX.

Var regex = /^([a-zA-Z0-9\_.+-])+\@(([a-zA-Z0-9-])+\.)+([a-zA-Z0-9]{2,4})+$/

1. Password needs to be at least 6 characters long.
2. Phone number has to be exactly 8 digits

**Second layer restriction:**

After the form has passed first layer restriction, our system will check the email provided by the user to see if our database already contains that email address. If so, the registration will fail and subsequent error message will be shown to the user like so “Email Address has been used by another account. Please provide another email address.”.

A snippet of PHP code showing how the checking is done by constructing and executing an SQL SELECT query. Only if our database does not contain the provided email address, do we confirm the sign up is successful and insert a new tuple into the user table. That being said, Email Address is the primary key of user table.

$email = $\_POST['email'];

$checkQuery ="SELECT \* FROM user where Email\_Address = ?";

$chkStatement = $databaseConnection -> prepare($checkQuery);

$chkStatement -> bind\_param('s', $email);

$chkStatement -> execute();

$chkStatement -> store\_result();

if($chkStatement -> num\_rows > 0){

echo "Email Address has been used by another account. <br>";

echo "Please provide another email address.";

}else{

$query = "INSERT INTO user(Email\_Address, First\_Name, Last\_Name, Salutation, Password, Phone\_Number, Created\_On) VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?) ";

$statement = $databaseConnection -> prepare($query);

$statement -> bind\_param('sssssss', $email, $fName, $lName, $salutation, $password, $phoneNum, $createdOn);

$statement ->execute();

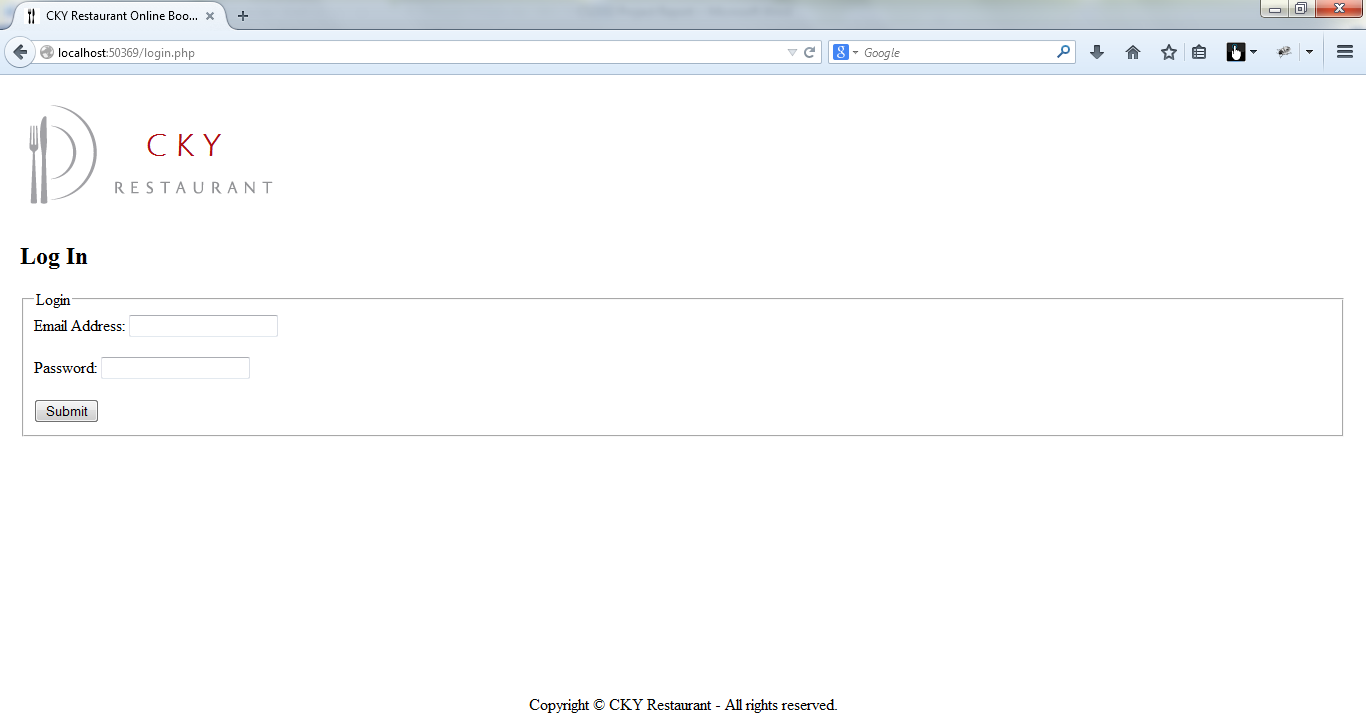
$statement ->store\_result();

}

A successful sign up will redirect user into the homepage.

**1.2 Log in**

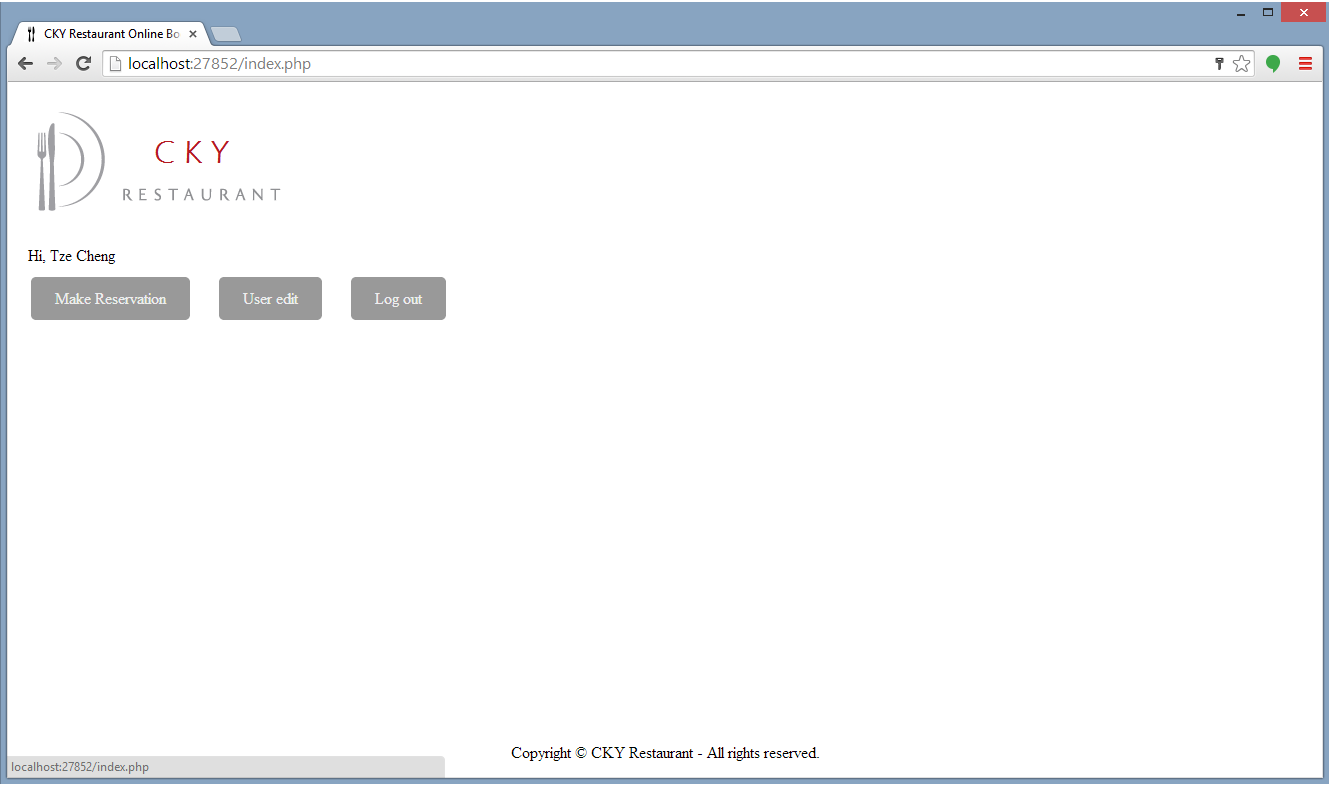
**Figure 1.2.1 log in page for registered user (login.php)**



A registered user who wishes to make reservation can go to log in page to fill in two fields, namely Email Address and Password. Error message will be thrown to screen if either one of the field does not match the other, like so “Email Address/ Password is incorrect!!”.

A successful log in will redirect registered user into the homepage and show their last name on homepage.

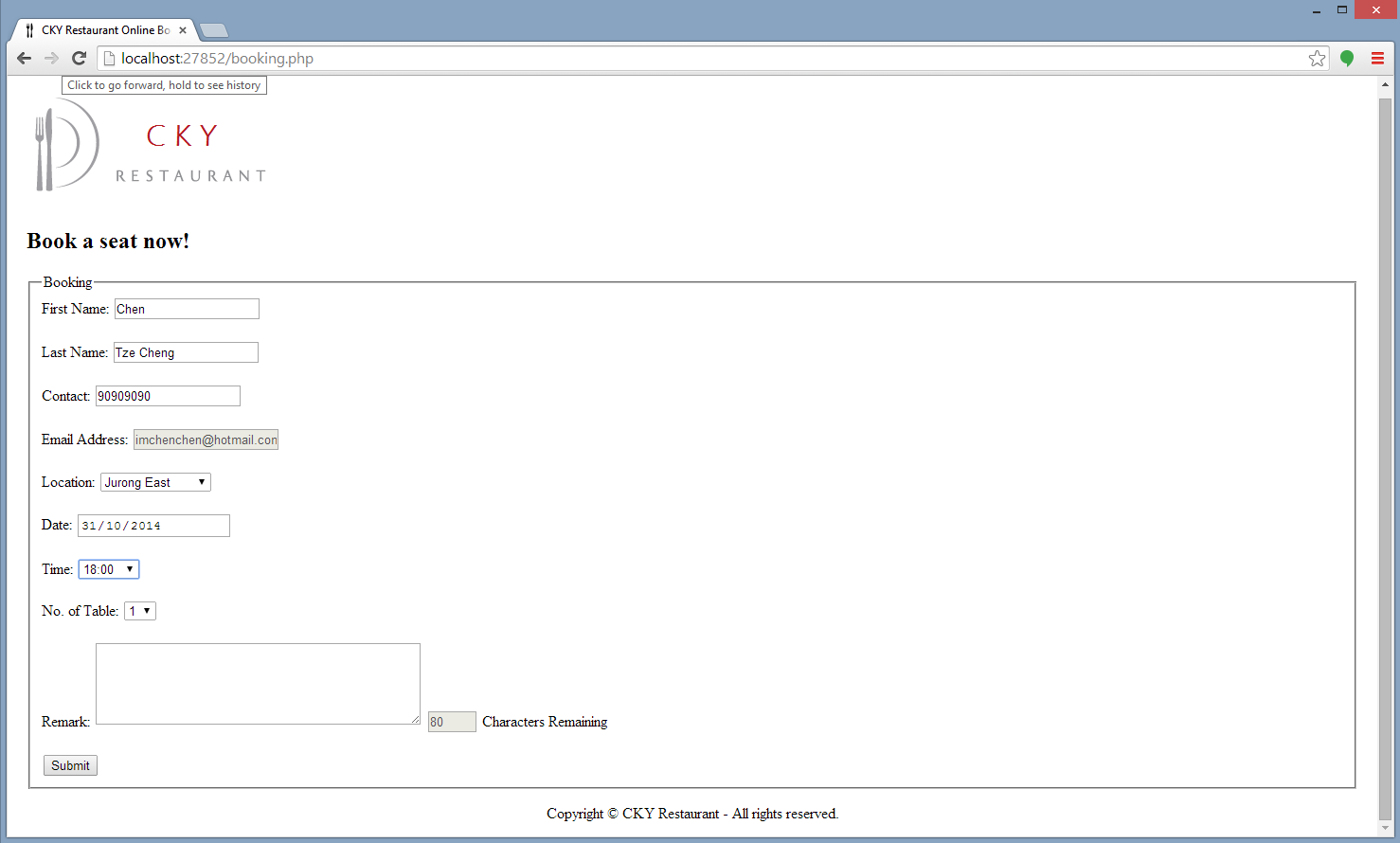
**Figure 1.2.2 Home page after log in**



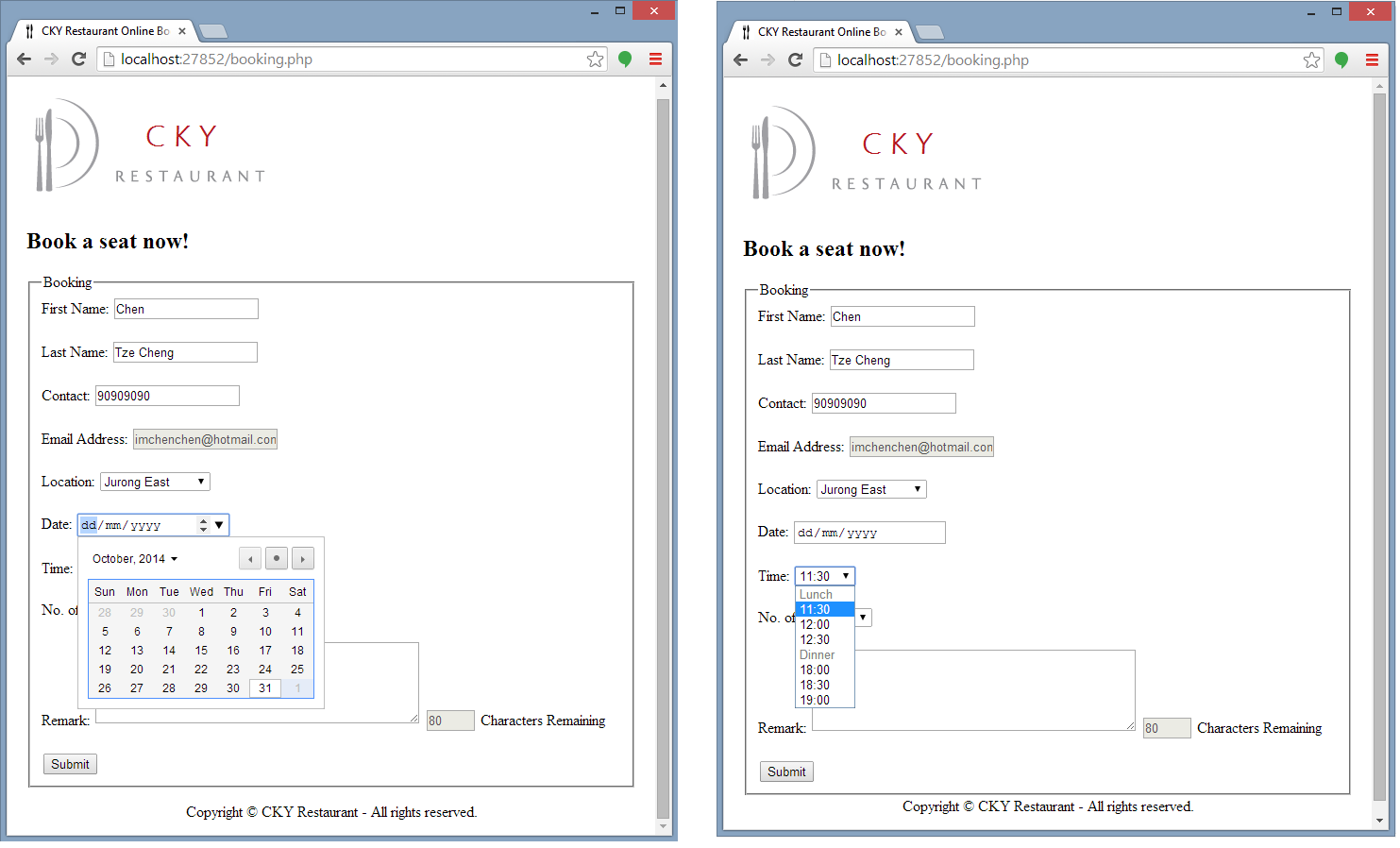
**Chapter 2: Making reservation and User Edit**

**2.1 Making reservation**

After user logged in, user can go to Make Reservation page to fill in the details of the reservation. The user’s personal details such as First Name, Last Name, Email Address and contact number will be automatically pre-filled in into fields for user’s convenience. This pre-fill is achieved by selecting user’s details from MYSQL database using the Email Address the user used to log in.

**Figure 2.1.1 Automatic pre-filled fields of booking page. (booking.php)**

The only information left for user to fill in are the location, date and time they prefer, and number of table they want to reserve. If the user has any special requirements, there is also a Remark field for him to fill in.

**Figure 2.1.2 User can select date and time via calendar and drop down list respectively.** 

If all the fields are entered correctly, the only reason of failing the reservation is that the particular Restaurant has no sufficient tables for the user to reserve. This checking is accomplished by summing the tables that have been reserved at lunch time (if the user selects one of the lunch time, i.e. 11:30, 12:00 or 12:30) and examining if the sum plus the tables user entered will exceed the total tables that the particular Restaurant has. We treat 11:30, 12:00 and 12:30 as lunch time and 18:00, 18:30, 19:00 as dinner time.

if($time == 1130 || $time == 1200 || $time == 1230){

$checkBookedTableQuery = "SELECT SUM(No\_Table) FROM booking\_record WHERE (Time=1130 or Time=1200 or Time=1230) AND location =? AND Date =?";

}

else if($time == 1800 || $time == 1830 || $time == 1900){

$checkBookedTableQuery = "SELECT SUM(No\_Table) FROM booking\_record WHERE (Time=1800 or Time=1830 or Time=1900) AND location =? AND Date =?";

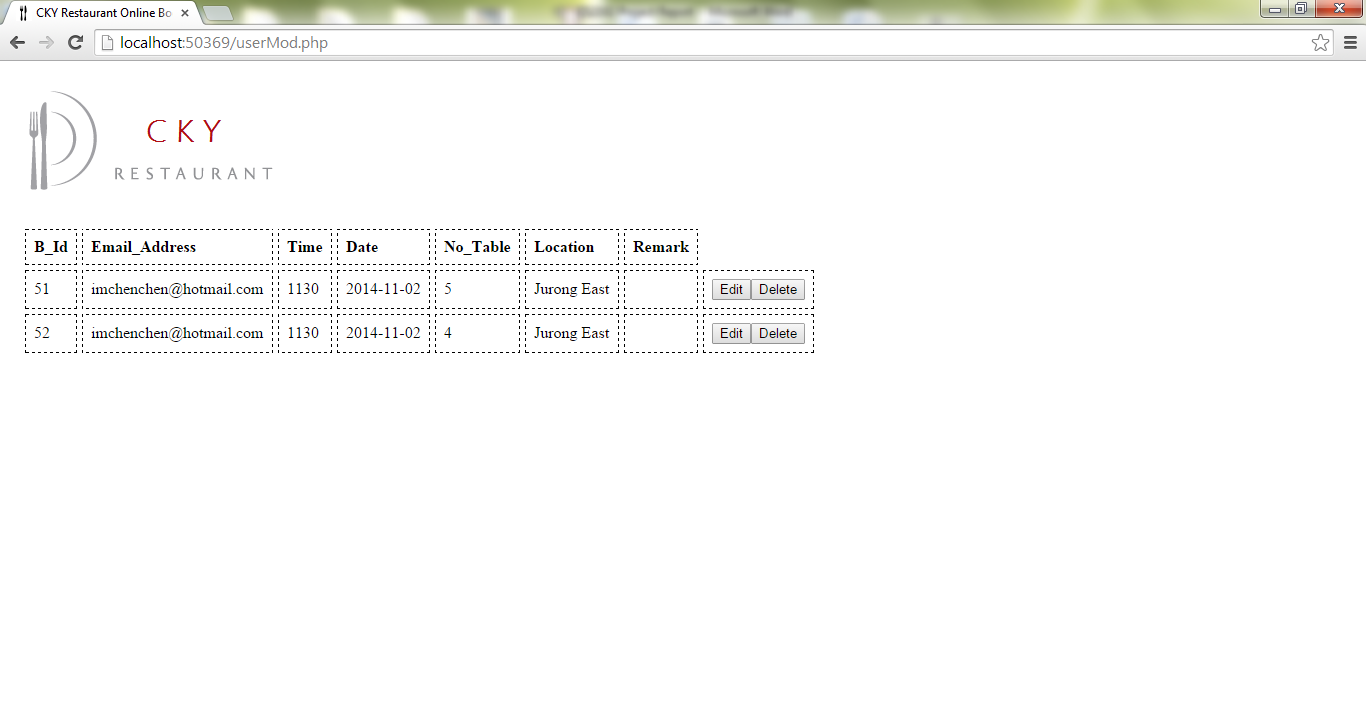
}

Once the booking succeeds, user will be redirect to bookingsuccess.php which displays “Booking Success! Redirecting to Main Page in 3 seconds.”. After three seconds, user will be redirect again to homepage.

If the booking fails, on the booking.php itself, statement like “Sorry, we left with 1 available table(s) in this location.” will be displayed.

**2.2 Editing reservation**

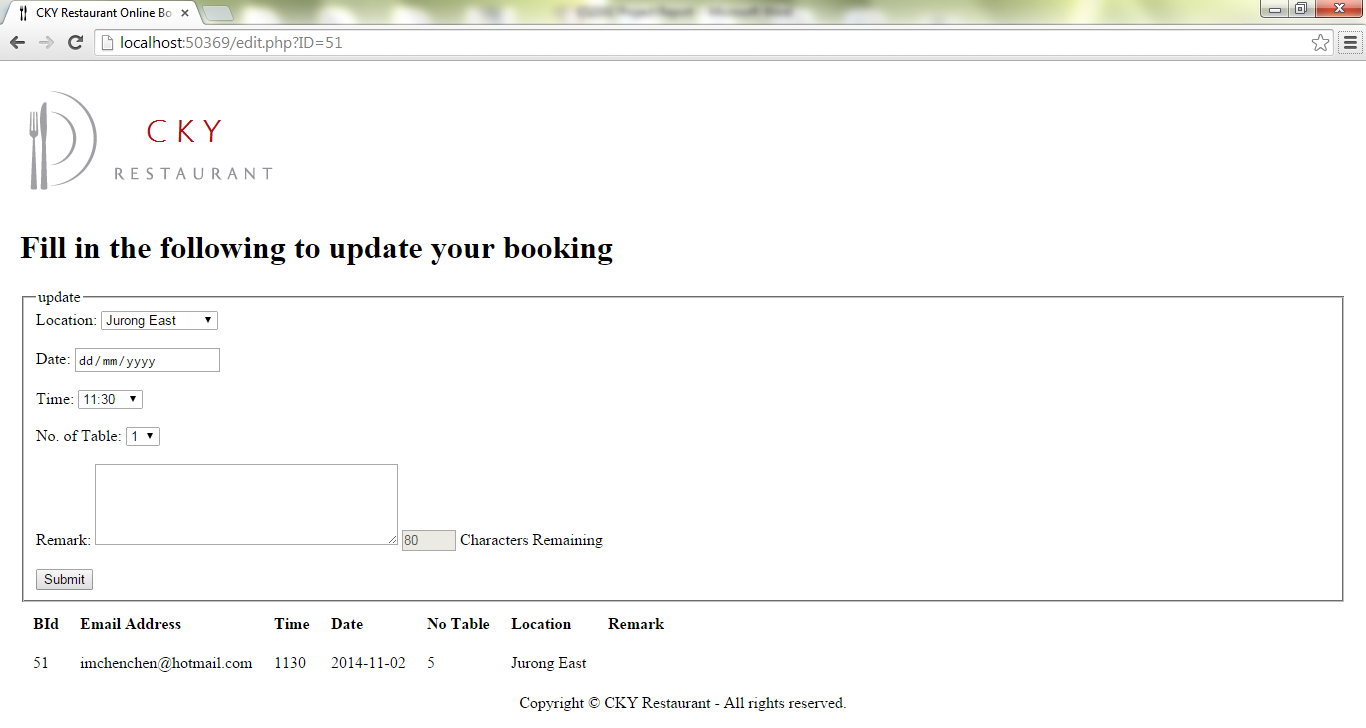
Fig 2.2.1 A sample user edit page (userMod.php)



On the homepage, user can go to user edit page (userMod.php), inspect all the bookings he has made, and make changes if he wants to. The changes can be Edit or Delete. However, reservations with date before the current date will not be displayed. The select query is as follows:

$query = "SELECT B\_Id, Email\_Address, Time, Date, No\_Table, Location, Remark, Created\_On FROM booking\_record WHERE Email\_Address = ? AND Date > NOW() ";

Fig 2.2.2 A sample edit page (edit.php?ID=51)



If Edit button is clicked, user will be redirected to edit.php?ID=51 (51 can vary depending on which reservation the user clicked to edit. In fact, it is the booking id of a particular reservation, we use that to fetch details of that reservation on edit.php) to make changes accordingly. Previous booking details will be shown at the bottom. However, user can’t edit the booking by just entering edit.php?ID=51 if the booking record doesn’t belong to the user and the user is not an admin. We checked that by retrieving the booking record’s email address and compare it to the user’s email.

if($isAdmin==0){

if(!($r\_email == $email)){

header("Location: editFail\_authorized.php");

}

}

If Delete button is clicked, user will be prompted a warning message to confirm whether he really meant to cancel the reservation. If true, the reservation will be deleted permanently from booking\_record table. Otherwise, nothing changes. We check the user’s permission to delete same as the method mentioned above.

**Chapter 3: Administrator**